

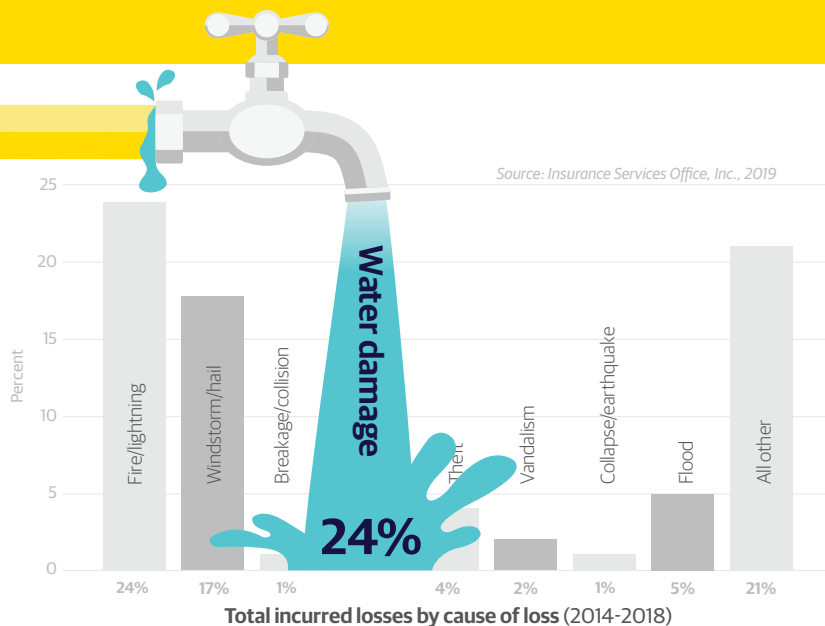
Water, the new fire in commercial construction



Water damage has become a key driver of builder's risk claims

Water damage is now one of the most frequent and costly claims affecting the construction industry. Though fire still presents the highest-severity exposure, about a third of builder's risk losses come from water damage¹.

Learn more about these losses and how you can help prevent them.



What causes water losses?

Defective fixtures and poor workmanship

Defective fixtures and poor workmanship are the **primary causes of water loss** during construction.



Labor shortages

The U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics forecasts a need for **747,000 more employees** in the construction industry by 2026².

80%

of construction firms have a hard time filling open hourly craft positions

according to a recent survey from Autodesk and the Associated General Contractors of America (AGC)³.

39%

In 2010, baby boomers represented 39% of the construction workforce

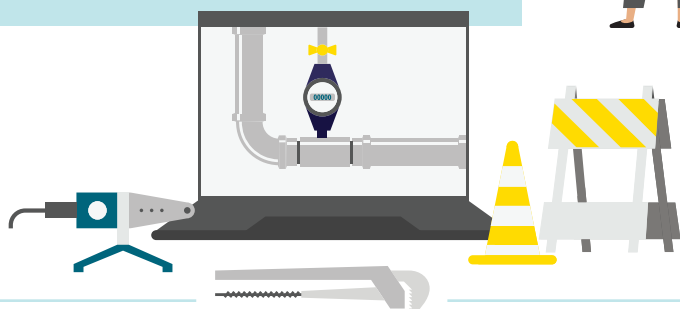
the youngest of which are now 55 years old, with many already having retired⁴.

Aging workforce nearing retirement

The U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reports that the median age of a construction worker in 2019 was 43⁵. **An aging workforce nearing retirement exacerbates skilled labor shortages.**

Inexperience with new systems and techniques

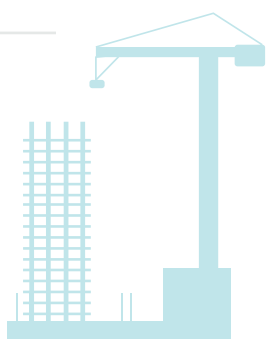
Much of the labor force is inexperienced with new systems and techniques. Improper water line soldering and PVC joint gluing are the **leading causes of water damage** during construction.



Water escape can cause more than just a loss of physical property

With accelerated project schedules and penalties for delays built into contracts, even a small incident can have a significant financial and reputational impact on a contractor. What's more, water losses typically occur during water systems testing, toward the end of a project when most of the build's value is exposed, potentially increasing the severity of the loss.

Note that, generally speaking, the more stories a building has, the higher the loss potential.



Develop a wet work program to help reduce and prevent losses

A wet work program can help you prevent leakage – and quickly identify and mitigate water damage when it occurs.



Post maps showing the location of water valves on the job site.

Develop clear procedures for addressing water leaks and provide them to all subcontractors.



Install water flow alarms.

Put water cleanup/mitigation plans in place.



Hire a watchman to monitor for issues during non-working hours.

Pressure test water lines before turning on the water.

Perform quality control inspections of water lines.



Prepare for rain storms by developing ways to divert water from the building throughout all phases of construction.

Implement formal sprinkler shut-down/start-up procedures.



Shut off water valves when working in proximity of live sprinkler heads.

Cage all sprinkler heads.



Get help

Our Risk Control Consulting Center can answer your questions, provide advanced technical guidance and help you prevent and control losses with a flexible array of solutions, including additional information on creating wet work programs.

Call **866-757-7324** or email RCConsultingCenter@LibertyMutual.com from 8 a.m. – 8 p.m. Eastern Standard Time.

We also encourage you to explore [Liberty Mutual SafetyNet™](#), a web-based tool designed to help risk and safety managers improve workplace safety, reduce the cost of risk and follow nationally recognized safety standards.



1 businessinsurance.com/article/20190604/NEWS06/912328845/Construction-market-hammered-by-rising-fire-water-damage-claims
2 foxbusiness.com/economy/construction-worker-shortage-worsening
3 agc.org/news/2019/08/27/eighty-percent-contractors-report-difficulty-finding-qualified-craft-workers-hire
4 cpwr.com/sites/default/files/publications/CB%20page%2015.pdf
5 bls.gov/cps/cpsaat18b.htm